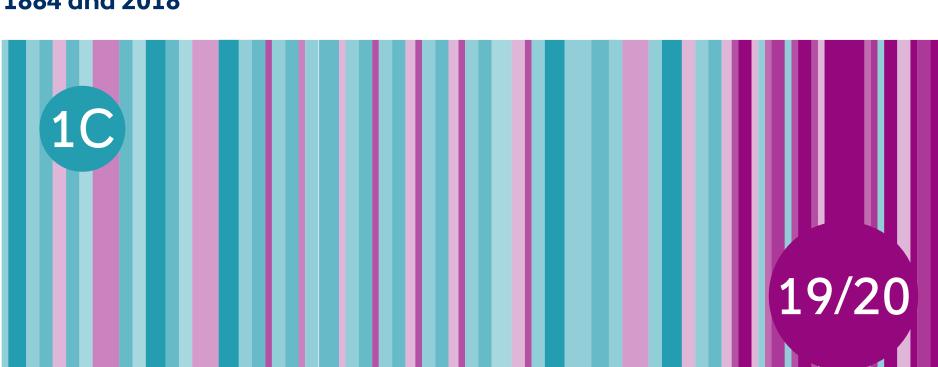


RBS economist Katerina Lisenkova explores the relationship between climate change and the finance sector.

Warming stripes show the average temperature in the UK between 1884 and 2018



The current level of warming globally is about 1C above the pre-industrial level. Globally, 19 out of 20 of the warmest years happened this century.

110%

Human activity is responsible for about 110% of global temperature increase since 1950 – natural causes on their own would lead to global cooling.

97%

There's a 97% expert consensus on human-caused global warming.





"We are more sure that greenhouse gas is causing climate change than we are that smoking causes cancer"

Kate Marvel

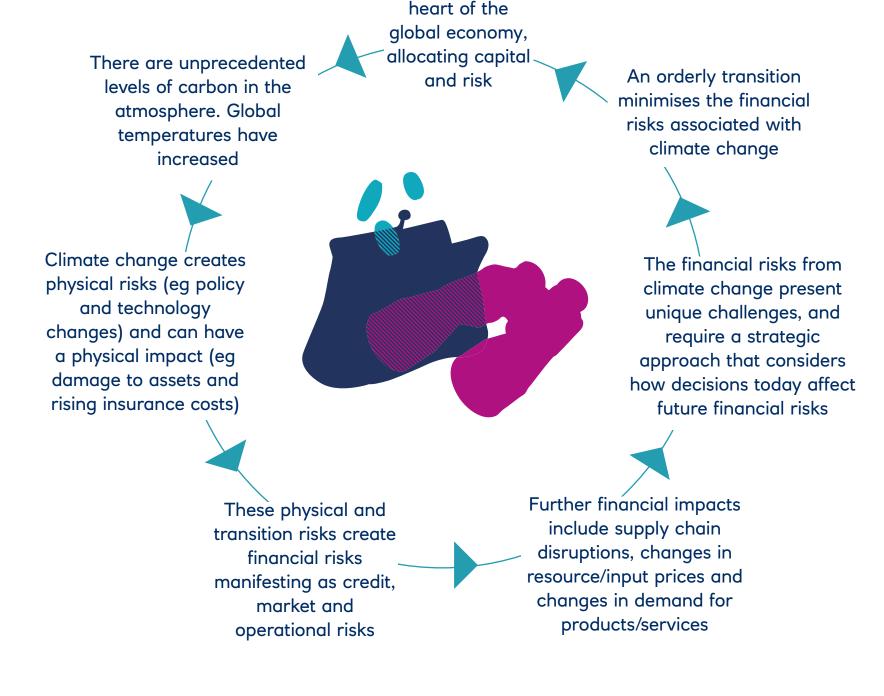
Nasa atmospheric scientist

The 2020s are crucial for setting up transition

	2020s		2030s	2040s	
Electricity	Largely decarbonise electricity: renewables, flexibility, coal phase-out		Expand electricity system, decarbonise mid-merit/ peak generation (eg using hydrogen), deploy bioenergy with carbon capture and storage (CCS)		
Hydrogen	Start large-scale hydrogen production with CCS	Widespread deployment in industry, use in backup electricity generation, heavier vehicles (eg HGVs, trains) and potentially heating on the coldest days			
Buildings	Efficiency, heat networks, heat pumps (new-build, off-gas, hybrids)		Widespread electrification, expand heat networks, gas grids potentially switch to hydrogen		
Road transport	Ramp up electric vehicle market, decisions on HGVs		Turn over fleets to zero-cars and vans before HG		
Industry	Initial CCS clusters, energy and resource efficiency		Further CCS, widespread some electrification	d use of hydrogen,	
Land use	Afforestation, peatland restoration				
Agriculture	Healthier diets, reduced food waste, tree growing and efficiency on farms				

Banks sit at the

Climate change is a financial problem with a (partially) financial solution



RBS economist Katerina Lisenkova in March 2020.